# MORGAN STANLEY ASIA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED **Interim Financial Disclosure Statements** For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# INTERIM FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS For the six months ended 30 June 2015

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## INTERIM FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS For the six months ended 30 June 2015

The directors of Morgan Stanley Asia International Limited ("the Company") hereby announce the unaudited interim financial disclosure statements of the Company for the period ended 30 June 2015. The interim financial disclosure statements are prepared under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules pursuant to Section 60A of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a restricted license bank with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA") and a registered institution with the Securities and Futures Commission. The Company is a private limited company incorporated in Hong Kong, with a branch in Singapore. The principal activities of the Company are to engage in the business of banking including deposit taking and lending. It also acts as introducing broker for other Morgan Stanley subsidiaries in connection with the provision of general investment and securities dealing, and custody services, as well as discretionary management. The Company commenced business on 9 February 2015.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity is Morgan Stanley which, together with the Company and Morgan Stanley's other subsidiary undertakings, form the Morgan Stanley Group (the "Morgan Stanley Group").

#### REQUIREMENT IN CONNECTION WITH PUBLICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information relating to the period ended 31 December 2014 that is included in the unaudited interim financial disclosure statements 2015 as comparative information does not constitute the Company's statutory annual financial statements for the period but is derived from those financial statements. Further information related to these statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Companies Ordinance is as follows:

As the Company is a private company, the Company is not required to deliver its financial statements to the Registrar of Companies, and has not done so.

The Company's auditor has reported on those financial statements. The auditor's report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matter to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Companies Ordinance.

#### INTERIM RESULTS

The Company commenced business on 9 February 2015. The first half-yearly unaudited profit after tax and

since 9 February 2015 was US\$26 million. The Company's revenue is mainly contributed by fees commission income relating to equities and fixed income market activities.
Signed on behalf of the Board
 Director
27 August 2015

# **UNAUDITED INCOME STATEMENT**For the six months ended 30 June 2015

	Note	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 US\$'000	For the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014 US\$'000
Interest income	1	7,889	-
Interest expense	2 _	(7,453)	
Net interest income		436	-
Fee and commission income	3	112,648	-
Net losses on financial instruments classified as held for trading		(28,679)	-
Net gains on available-for-sale financial assets		27,127	-
Other income		4,066	-
Other expense	4	(84,193)	-
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		31,405	
Income tax expense	5	(4,948)	-
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	_	26,457	
	_		

The notes on pages 6 to 24 form an integral part of the financial statements.

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the six months ended 30 June 2015

	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 US\$'000	For the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014 US\$'000
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	26,457	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Available-for-sale reserve:		
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	804	-
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AFTER INCOME TAX FOR THE PERIOD	804	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	27,261	

# **UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**For the six months ended 30 June 2015

	Share capital US\$'000	Available- for-sale reserve USD'000	(Accumulated losses)/ retained earnings US\$'000	Total equity US\$'000
Balance at 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation)	-	-	-	-
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	(20)	(20)
Transactions with owners:				
- Issue of capital	13,000			13,000
Balance at 31 December 2014	13,000	-	(20)	12,980
Profit for the period  Available-for-sale reserves:	-	-	26,457	26,457
Net change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	804	-	804
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	-	804	26,457	27,261
Transactions with owners:				
- Issue of capital	157,000			157,000
Balance at 30 June 2015	170,000	804	26,437	197,241

# **UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** As at 30 June 2015

		As at 30 June 2015	As at 31 December 2014
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000
ASSETS			
Loans and receivables:			
Cash and balances with banks	6	552,517	13,000
Loans and advances to customers	7	1,210,218	-
Trade receivables		3,376	-
Other receivables	_	19,354	
		1,785,465	13,000
Financial assets classified as held for trading		8,150	-
Available-for-sale financial assets		4,425,879	-
Deferred tax assets		1,236	4
Prepayments	_	364	46
TOTAL ASSETS	=	6,221,094	13,050
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:			
Deposits	8	4,940,462	-
Trade payables		185,119	-
Other payables	_	877,763	70
		6,003,344	70
Financial liabilities classified as held for trading		13,970	
Current tax liabilities		6,181	-
Accruals	_	358	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,023,853	70
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY			
Share capital		170,000	13,000
Available-for-sale reserves		804	13,000
Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses)		26,437	(20)
TOTAL EQUITY	_	197,241	12,980
-	_	<u> </u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	=	6,221,094	13,050

The notes on pages 6 to 24 form an integral part of the financial statements.

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 1. INTEREST INCOME

	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 US\$'000	For the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014 US\$'000
Bank interest income Interest income for financial assets not measured at	246	-
fair value through profit or loss	7,636	-
Other interest income	7	
	7,889	

During the period, there was no interest income recognized on impaired financial assets (for the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014: Nil).

#### 2. INTEREST EXPENSE

	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 US\$'000	For the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014 US\$'000
Interest expense from:		
Deposits	3,378	-
Borrowings from other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings	4,075	
	7,453	

## 3. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

During the period, no fee income and fee expense have arisen from financial assets or financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss (for the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014: Nil).

No fee income and fee expense on trust and other fiduciary activities where the Company holds or invests on behalf of its customers (for the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014: Nil).

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 4. OTHER EXPENSES

	For the six months ended 30 June 2015 US\$'000	For the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014 US\$'000
Staff costs	51,442	
Management charges from other Morgan Stanley		
Group undertakings	29,631	-
Other expenses	3,120	
	84,193	
5. TAXATION		
		For the period from 19 May

Current	income	tax

Hong Kong	5,775	-
Other jurisdictions	407	-
Deferred tax benefit	(1,234)	
	4,948	-

For the six

30 June 2015

US\$'000

months ended incorporation) to

2014 (date of

30 June 2014

US\$'000

#### 6. CASH AND BALANCES WITH BANKS

Included in cash and balance with banks as at 30 June 2015 is an aggregate sum of US\$4,378,000 (31 December 2014: Nil) which is placement with Monetary Authority of Singapore. There were no placements with banks with residual contract maturity more than one month as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: Nil).

## NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 7. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS

	As at 30 June	As at 31 December
	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Loans and advances to non-bank customers	1,210,218	<u>-</u>

There were no impaired loan and advances, collective and specific provision, as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: Nil).

#### 8. DEPOSITS

	As at 30 June 2015 US\$'000	As at 31 December 2014 US\$'000
Deposits from non-bank customers		
Call deposits	3,972,304	-
Term deposits	968,158	
	4,940,462	-

#### 9. DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

	_	Fair V	Fair Value		
	Notional Amount US\$'000	Assets US\$'000	Liabilities US\$'000	Risk- weighted amount US\$'000	
Exchange rate contracts	3,937,739	8,150	12,985	6,756	
Interest rate contracts	2,500,000	-	985	-	
	6,437,739	8,150	13,970	6,756	

There were no derivatives transactions for the period ended 31 December 2014.

The notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of outstanding transactions and do not represent amounts at risk.

The above derivative assets and liabilities are computed at a transaction level and shown on a gross basis with no offsetting presentation due to bilateral netting agreements (31 December 2014: Nil). The risk-weighted amount has taken into account the effect of valid bilateral netting agreement.

#### 10. OFF BALANCE SHEET EXPOSURE OTHER THAN DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

There were no off-balance sheet exposures other than derivative exposure for the period ended 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: Nil).

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 11. CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

	At 30 June 2015 US\$'000	At 31 December 2014 US\$'000
Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital ratio	23%	490%
Tier 1 capital ratio	23%	490%
Total capital ratio	24%	490%

## Component of capital base

Total capital after deductions used in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014 are analyzed as follows:

	At 30 June 2015 US\$'000	At 31 December 2014 US\$'000
CET1 capital instruments		
Paid up ordinary share capital	170,000	13,000
Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)	26,437	(20)
Available-for-sale assets reserve	804	-
CET1 capital before deductions	197,241	12,980
Deductions:		
Deferred tax assets net of deferred tax liabilities	(1,236)	(4)
Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	(6,051)	-
CET1 capital after deductions	189,954	12,976
Additional tier 1 capital	-	-
Tier 2 capital		
Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	5,396	-
Total capital	195,350	12,976

Information relating to the disclosure of the full terms and conditions of the Company's capital instruments can be viewed on the website: http://www.morganstanley.com/about-us/global-offices/hong-kong.

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE

## (a) Capital Disclosure Template

The following table shows the capital disclosure template specified by the HKMA in relation to the elements of the Company's regulatory capital.

n tho	usands of US dollars)		Cross reference to Balance Sheet
	CET1 capital: instruments and reserves		
1	Directly issued qualifying CET1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	170,000	(1)
2	Retained earnings	26,437	(2)
3	Disclosed reserves	804	(3)
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 capital (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	Not applicable	
5	Minority interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
6	CET1 capital before regulatory deductions	197,241	
	CET1 capital: regulatory deductions		
7	Valuation adjustments	0	
8	Goodwill (net of associated deferred tax liability)	0	
#9	Other intangible assets (net of associated deferred tax liability)	0	
#10	Deferred tax assets net of deferred tax liabilities	1,236	(4)
11	Cash flow hedge reserve	0	
12	Excess of total EL amount over total eligible provisions under the IRB approach	0	
13	Gain-on-sale arising from securitization transactions	0	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0	
15	Defined benefit pension fund net assets (net of associated deferred tax liabilities)	0	
16	Investments in own CET1 capital instruments (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in CET1 capital instruments	0	
#18	Insignificant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
#19	Significant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	Not applicable	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	Not applicable	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	Not applicable	
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial sector entities	Not applicable	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	Not applicable	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	Not applicable	
26	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital	0	
26a	Cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties)	0	
26b	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	6,051	
26c	Securitization exposures specified in a notice given by the Monetary Authority	0	

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

# (a) Capital Disclosure Template (continued)

n tho	usands of US dollars)		Cross reference to Balance Sheet
26d	Cumulative losses below depreciated cost arising from the institution's holdings of land and buildings	0	
26e	Capital shortfall of regulated non-bank subsidiaries	0	
26f	Capital investment in a connected company which is a commercial entity (amount above 15% of the reporting institution's capital base)	0	
27	Regulatory deductions applied to CET1 capital due to insufficient AT1 capital and Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	0	
28	Total regulatory deductions to CET1 capital	7,287	
29	CET1 capital	189,954	
	AT1 capital: Instruments		
30	Qualifying AT1 capital instruments plus any related share premium	0	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	0	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	0	
33	Capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements from AT1 capital	0	
34	AT1 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in AT1 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
35	of which: AT1 capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out arrangements	0	
36	AT1 capital before regulatory deductions	0	
	AT1 capital: regulatory deductions		
37	Investments in own AT1 capital instruments	0	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in AT1 capital instruments	0	
#39	Insignificant capital investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
40	Significant capital investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital	0	
42	Regulatory deductions applied to AT1 capital due to insufficient Tier 2 capital to cover deductions	0	
43	Total regulatory deductions to AT1 capital	0	
44	AT1 capital	0	
45	Tier 1 capital (Tier 1 = CET1 + AT1)	189,954	
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments plus any related share premium	0	
47	Capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements from Tier 2 capital	0	
48	Tier 2 capital instruments issued by consolidated bank subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in Tier 2 capital of the consolidation group)	0	
49	of which: capital instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out arrangements	0	
50	Collective impairment allowances and regulatory reserve for general banking risks eligible for inclusion inTier 2 capital	5,396	
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory deductions	5,396	

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

# (a) Capital Disclosure Template (continued)

tho	usands of US dollars)		Cross reference to Balance Sheet
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory deductions		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 capital instruments	0	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 capital instruments	0	
#54	Insignificant capital investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
55	Significant capital investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments	0	
56a	Add back of cumulative fair value gains arising from the revaluation of land and buildings (own-use and investment properties) eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 capital	0	
57	Total regulatory deductions to Tier 2 capital	0	
58	Tier 2 capital	5,396	
59	Total capital (Total capital = Tier 1 + Tier 2)	195,350	
60	Total risk weighted assets	810,436	
	Capital ratios (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)		
61	CET1 capital ratio	23.4%	
62	Tier 1 capital ratio	23.4%	
63	Total capital ratio	24.1%	
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 capital requirement as specified in s.3B of the BCR plus capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus G-SIB or D-SIB requirements)	4.5%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	0%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0%	
67	of which: G-SIB and D-SIB buffer requirements	0%	
68	CET1 capital surplus over the minimum CET1 requirement and any CET1 capital used to meet the Tier 1 and Total capital requirements under s.3B of the BCR	19.6%	
	National minima (if different from Basel 3 minimum)		
69	National CET1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio	Not applicable	
71	National Total capital minimum ratio	Not applicable	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting		
72	Insignificant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments, AT1 capital instruments and Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
73	Significant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	Not applicable	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	Not applicable	

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

## (a) Capital Disclosure Template (continued)

(in tho	n thousands of US dollars)		
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 capital		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the basic approach and the standardized (credit risk) approach (prior to application of cap)	0	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the basic approach and the standardized (credit risk) approach	0	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to the IRB approach (prior to application of cap)	0	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under the IRB approach	0	
	Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements	Not applicable	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	Not applicable	
82	Current cap on AT1 capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements	0	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	0	
84	Current cap on Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phase out arrangements	0	
85	Amount excluded from Tier 2 capital due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	0	

#### Footnote:

# Indicates elements where a more conservative definition has been applied in the BCR relative to that set out in the Basel III capital standards.

#### Abbreviations:

CET1: Common Equity Tier 1 AT1: Additional Tier 1

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

(a) Capital Disclosure Template (continued)

## Notes to the template

Row						
No.	Description	Hong Kong basis	Basel III basis			
#9	Explanation  As set out in paragraph 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2011), mortgage servicing rights (MSRs) may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to follow the accounting treatment of including MSRs as part of					
	Deferred tax assets net of deferred tax liabilities	1,236	1,236			
#10	Explanatio  As set out in paragraphs 69 and 87 of the Basel III text issued by the Basel Committee (December 2011), DTAs that rely on future profitability of the bank to be realized are to be deducted, whereas DTAs which relate to temporary differences may be given limited recognition in CET1 capital (and hence be excluded from deduction from CET1 capital up to the specified threshold). In Hong Kong, an AI is required to deduct all DTAs in full, irrespective of their origin, from CET1 capital. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 10 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by reducing the amount of DTAs to be deducted which relate to temporary differences to the extent not in excess of the 10% threshold set for DTAs arising from temporary differences and the aggregate 15% threshold set for MSRs, DTAs arising from temporary differences and significant investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities (excluding those that are loans, facilities and other credit exposures to connected companies) under Basel III.					
	Insignificant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0			
#18	Explanation For the purpose of determining the total amount of insignificant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures provided by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if such loans, facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI in the capital instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Monetary Authority that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incurred, in the ordinary course of the AI's business.  Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 18 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 18 (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.					

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

(a) Capital Disclosure Template (continued)

Row No.	Description	Hong Kong basis	Basel III basis	
NO.	Significant capital investments in CET1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0	
#19	Explanation  For the purpose of determining the total amount of significant capital investments in CET1 capital instringular financial sector entities, an AI is required to aggregate any amount of loans, facilities or other credit explaints by it to any of its connected companies, where the connected company is a financial sector entity, as if facilities or other credit exposures were direct holdings, indirect holdings or synthetic holdings of the AI instruments of the financial sector entity, except where the AI demonstrates to the satisfaction of the M that any such loan was made, any such facility was granted, or any such other credit exposure was incordinary course of the AI's business.			
	Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 19 may be greater than that required reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row 1 under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities o Al's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.	9 (i.e. the amour	t reported	
	Insignificant capital investments in AT1 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0	
#39	Explanation  The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which are financial sector entities a CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the capital base (see note re row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the exemption from capital deduction of other insignificant capital investments in AT1 capital instruments may be smaller. Therefore, the amount to be deducted as reported in row 39 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents the amount reported in row (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate amount of loans, facilities or other credit exposures to the AI's connected companies which were subject to deduction under the Hong Kong approach.			
	Insignificant capital investments in Tier 2 capital instruments issued by financial sector entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0	0	
#54	Explanation The effect of treating loans, facilities or other credit exposures to connected companies which a CET1 capital instruments for the purpose of considering deductions to be made in calculating the row 18 to the template above) will mean the headroom within the threshold available for the explanation of other insignificant capital investments in Tier 2 capital instruments may be smaller be deducted as reported in row 54 may be greater than that required under Basel III. The amount reported under the column "Basel III basis" in this box represents (i.e. the amount reported under the "Hong Kong basis") adjusted by excluding the aggregate arother credit exposures to the Al's connected companies which were subject to deduction under	he capital base ( emption from cal . Therefore, the the amount repo nount of loans, for	see note re pital amount to rited in row 54 acilities or	

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Balance Sheet Reconciliation

The following table shows a reconciliation of amounts shown in the balance sheet of the Company to the capital components of regulatory capital:

	Balance sheet as in Published Financial statements	Under regulatory scope of consolidation	Cross reference to Definition of Capital Components
At 30 June 2015	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks	552,517	552,517	
Loans and advances to customers	1,210,218	1,210,218	
Trade receivables	3,376	3,376	
Other receivables	19,354	19,354	
Financial assets classified as held for trading	8,150	8,150	
Available-for-sale financial assets	4,425,879	4,425,879	
Deferred tax assets	1,236	1,236	(4)
Prepayments	364	364	
TOTAL ASSETS	6,221,094	6,221,094	
LIABILITIES			I
Deposits	4,940,462	4,940,462	
Trade payables	185,119	185,119	
Other payables	877,763	877,763	
Financial liabilities classified as held for trading	13,970	13,970	
Current tax liabilities	6,181	6,181	
Accruals	358	358	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,023,853	6,023,853	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	170,000	170,000	(1)
Available-for-sales reserves	804	804	(3)
Retained earnings	26,437	26,437	(2)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	197,241	197,241	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	6,221,094	6,221,094	

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

## (c) Main Features of Capital Instruments

The following table shows the main features of outstanding capital instruments issued.

1	Issuer	Morgan Stanley Asia International Limited
2	Unique identifier (eg CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	Not applicable
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Hong Kong Law
	Regulatory treatment	
4	Transitional Basel III rules#	Not applicable
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules+	Common Equity Tier 1
6	Eligible at solo*/group/group & solo	Solo
7	Instrument type (type to be specified by each jurisdiction)	Ordinary shares
8	Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in million, as of most recent reporting date)	US\$170 million
9	Par value instrument	Not applicable
10	Accounting classification	Shareholders' equity
11	Original date of issuance	<ul> <li>1 share issued on May 19, 2014</li> <li>13,000,000 shares issued on July 11, 2014</li> <li>156,999,998 shares issued on January 13, 2015</li> <li>1 share issued on February 9, 2015</li> </ul>
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
13	Original maturity date	No maturity
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	Not applicable
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	Not applicable
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
18	Coupon rate and any related index	Not applicable
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non-convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger (s)	Not applicable
25	If convertible, fully or partially	Not applicable
26	If convertible, conversion rate	Not applicable
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	Not applicable
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	Not applicable
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	Not applicable
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	Not applicable

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 12. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

## (c) Main Features of Capital Instruments (continued)

32	If write-down, full or partial	Not applicable
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	Not applicable
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	Not applicable
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Not applicable
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not applicable

#### Footnote:

#### 13. LEVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE

Summary Comparison Table				
	Item	Leverage ratio framework US\$'000		
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	6,221,094		
2	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	-		
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	-		
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	7,601		
5	Adjustments for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	-		
6	Adjustments for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off-balance sheet exposures)	-		
7	Other adjustments	(7,287)		
8	Leverage ratio exposure	6,221,408		

<sup>#</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

<sup>+</sup> Regulatory treatment of capital instruments not subject to transitional arrangements provided for in Schedule 4H of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

<sup>\*</sup> Included solo-consolidated

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

# 13. LEVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (CONTINUED)

Leverage Ratio Common Disclosure Template				
	Item	Leverage ratio framework US\$'000		
	On-balance sheet exposures			
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but			
	including collateral)	6,212,944		
2	Less: Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1	(5.205)		
	capital (reported as negative amounts)	(7,287)		
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs)	6 205 657		
	(sum of lines 1 and 2)	6,205,657		
4	Derivative exposures			
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e.			
5	net of eligible cash variation margin)  Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives	-		
3	transactions	15,751		
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from	13,731		
0	the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting			
	framework	_		
7	Less: Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin			
,	provided in derivatives transactions (reported as negative amounts)	_		
8	Less: Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures (reported			
	as negative amounts)	-		
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	-		
10	Less: Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for			
	written credit derivatives (reported as negative amounts)	-		
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	15,751		
	Securities financing transaction exposures			
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting			
	for sales accounting transactions	-		
13	Less: Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of			
	gross SFT assets (reported as negative amounts)	-		
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	-		
15	Agent transaction exposures	-		
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to			
	15)	-		
17	Off belongs short exposure at gross notional amount			
17 18	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	-		
10	Less: Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts (reported as negative amounts)			
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	-		
19	Capital and total exposures	-		
20	Tier 1 capital	189,954		
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	6,221,408		
Leverage ratio				
22	Basel III leverage ratio	3.05%		
		2,02,70		

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 14. INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS

Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong Industrial, commercial and financial:

Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong

Others

Others

Individuals

Total

International claims are on-balance sheet exposures of counterparties based on the location of the counterparties after taking into account any risk transfer. The risk transfers have been made if the claims are guaranteed by a party in a geographical area which is different from that of the counterparty or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in another geographical area.

			Non-bank private sector			
30 June 2015	Bank US\$'000	Official sector US\$'000	Non-bank financial institutions US\$'000	Non-financial private sector US\$'000	Total US\$'000	
Developed countries	532,536	1,909,037	8,547	2,109	2,452,229	
United states	149,710	1,909,037	6,291	6	2,065,044	
Offshore centres	17,960	-	491,328	106,341	615,629	
Hong Kong	17,960	-	411,911	95,663	525,534	
Developing Asia and Pacific	-	-	519,996	88,353	608,349	
31 December 2014				Bank US\$'000	Total US\$'000	
Offshore centres				13,000	13,000	
Hong Kong			_	13,000	13,000	
15. LOAN AND ADVANCES – SECTO	R INFORMA	ATION				
			As 30 Ju 20	ne 31	As at December 2014	
			US\$'0		US\$'000	
Sector classification						

The total loans were fully secured by collateral as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: Nil).

421,095

85,639

703,484

1,210,218

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 15. LOAN AND ADVANCES – SECTOR INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	As at 30 June 2015 US\$'000	As at 31 December 2014 US\$'000
Geographical Areas		
Hong Kong	506,733	-
Mainland China	258,042	-
Taiwan	168,104	-
Others	277,339	-
	1,210,218	

Loan and Advances are exposures of counterparties based on the location of the counterparties after taking into account any risk transfer. The risk transfers have been made if the claims are guaranteed by a party in a geographical area which is different from that of the counterparty or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in another geographical area.

#### 16. OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS

There were no overdue or rescheduled assets as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014.

#### 17. NON-BANK MAINLAND ACTIVITIES

There were no mainland exposures on the Hong Kong office of the Company as at 30 June 2015 and 31 December 2014.

#### 18. CURRENCY RISK

The currency risk arising from the Company's operation for those individual currencies which each constitutes more than 10% of the total net positions in all foreign currencies are as follows:

<u>As at 30 June 2015</u>	SGD HK\$'000	US\$ HK\$'000
Spot assets	19,848,433	23,479,890
Spot liabilities	(2,056,833)	(32,866,415)
Forward purchases	1,323,031	20,081,129
Forward sales	(19,126,424)	(10,650,936)
Net (short)/ long position	(11,793)	43,668
As at 31 December 2014		US\$ HK\$'000
Spot assets		100,800
Spot liabilities		(100,807)
Net short position		(7)

There were no forward purchases and sales in any particular foreign currency as at 31 December 2014.

The Company has no trading and structural positions in any particular foreign currency as at 30 June 2015 (31 December 2014: Nil).

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

## 19. LIQUIDITY

For the period from 9 February 2015 (date of business commencement) to 30 June 2015

Average liquidity maintenance ratio for the period

71.24%

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is calculated as the arithmetic mean of each calendar month's average liquidity maintenance ratio. The liquidity maintenance ratio is computed in accordance with Banking Liquidity Rules.

As at 30 June 2014, the Company was not registered as a restricted bank license registered under the Banking Ordinance in Hong Kong. The Company was not required to maintain liquidity maintenance ratio (formerly known as liquidity ratio) for the period from 19 May 2014 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2014. Therefore, no comparative information is disclosed in this note.

#### Liquidity and funding risk

Liquidity and funding risk refers to the risk that the Company will be unable to finance its operations due to a loss of access to the capital markets or difficulty in liquidating its assets. Liquidity and funding risk also encompasses the Company's ability to meet its financial obligations without experiencing significant business disruption or reputational damage that may threaten its viability as a going concern.

The Company's liquidity and funding risk management policies and procedures are consistent with those of the Morgan Stanley Group. The Board of Directors of the Company is ultimately responsible for establishing the liquidity risk tolerance and ensuring the Company's liquidity risk is appropriately managed. In addition to the internal liquidity risk management framework, the Company is locally subject to the liquidity regulations prescribed by the HKMA. The Company has daily monitoring and reporting processes in place to ensure compliance with its regulatory requirements.

The primary goal of the Company's liquidity risk and funding management framework is to ensure that the Company has access to adequate funding across a wide range of market conditions. The framework is designed to enable the Company to fulfil its financial obligations and support the execution of the Company's business strategies.

The following principles guide the Company's liquidity and funding risk management framework:

- Sufficient liquid assets should be maintained to cover maturing liabilities and other planned and contingent outflows;
- Maturity profile of assets and liabilities should be aligned, with limited reliance on short-term funding;
- Source, counterparty, currency, region, and term of funding should be diversified; and
- Contingency Funding Plan ("CFP") should anticipate, and account for, periods of limited access to funding.

The core components of the Company's liquidity and funding risk management framework, are the CFP, Liquidity Stress Tests and the Liquidity Reserve (as defined below), which support the Company's target liquidity profile.

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 19. LIQUIDITY (CONTINUED)

#### Liquidity and funding risk (continued)

Contingency Funding Plan

CFP describes the data and information flows, limits, targets, operating environment indicators, escalation procedures, roles and responsibilities, and available mitigating actions in the event of a liquidity stress. The CFP also sets forth the principal elements of the liquidity stress testing which identifies stress events of different severity and duration, assesses current funding sources and uses and establishes a plan for monitoring and managing a potential liquidity stress event.

#### Liquidity Stress Tests

The Company uses Liquidity Stress Tests to model liquidity outflows across multiple scenarios over a range of time horizons. These scenarios contain various combinations of idiosyncratic and systemic stress events.

The assumptions underpinning the Liquidity Stress Tests include, but are not limited to, the following:

- withdrawal of customer deposits;
- no government support;
- no access to equity and unsecured debt markets;
- repayment of all unsecured debt maturing within the stress horizon;
- additional collateral that would be required by trading counterparties, certain exchanges and clearing organisations related to credit rating downgrades;
- drawdowns on unfunded commitments provided to customers;
- limited access to the foreign exchange swap markets

Liquidity Stress Tests are produced for the Company, to capture specific cash requirements and cash availability, including a limited number of asset sales in a stressed environment. The Liquidity Stress Tests assume that a legal entity will use its own liquidity first to fund its obligations before drawing liquidity from its ultimate parent undertaking, Morgan Stanley. Morgan Stanley will support its subsidiaries and will not have access to subsidiaries' liquidity reserves that are subject to any regulatory, legal or tax constraints. In addition to the assumptions underpinning the Liquidity Stress Tests, the Company takes into consideration the settlement risk related to intra-day settlement and clearing of securities and financing activities.

As at 30 June 2015, the Company maintained sufficient liquidity to meet current and contingent funding obligations as modelled in its Liquidity Stress Tests.

#### Liquidity Reserve

The Company maintains sufficient liquidity reserves ("Liquidity Reserve") to cover daily funding needs and to meet strategic liquidity targets sized by the CFP and Liquidity Stress Tests. The size of the Liquidity Reserve is actively managed by the Company. The following components are considered in sizing the Liquidity Reserve: unsecured debt maturity profile, balance sheet size and composition, funding needs in a stressed environment inclusive of contingent cash outflows and collateral requirements. Additionally, the Company's Liquidity Reserve includes an additional reserve, which is primarily a discretionary surplus based on the Company's risk tolerance and is subject to change dependent on market and firm-specific events.

The Company holds its own Liquidity Reserve which is composed of diversified cash and cash equivalents and unencumbered highly liquid securities.

Eligible unencumbered highly liquid securities include US government securities and other highly liquid investment grade securities.

# NOTE TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2015

#### 19. LIQUIDITY (CONTINUED)

#### Liquidity and funding risk (continued)

Funding Management

The Company manages its funding in a manner that reduces the risk of disruption to the Company's operations. The Company pursues a strategy of diversification of secured and unsecured funding sources and attempts to ensure that the tenor of the Company's liabilities equals or exceeds the expected holding period of the assets being financed.

The Company funds itself through diverse sources. These sources may include equity capital, long-term debt and deposits.

#### Balance sheet management

In managing both the Morgan Stanley Group's and the Company's funding risk the composition and size of the entire balance sheet, not just financial liabilities, is monitored and evaluated. A substantial portion of the Morgan Stanley Group's total assets consists of liquid marketable securities and short-term receivables arising principally from its Institutional Securities business segment's sales and trading activities. The liquid nature of these assets provides the Morgan Stanley Group and the Company with flexibility in managing the size of its balance sheet.