Registered number: 35857

Registered office: 47 Esplanade St. Helier JE1 0BD Jersey

MORGAN STANLEY FINANCE II LIMITED

Report and Interim Financial Statements

30 June 2023

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INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their interim report and condensed interim financial statements (which comprise the condensed statement of comprehensive income, the condensed statement of changes in equity, the condensed statement of financial position, the condensed statement of cash flows, and the related notes, 1 to 12) for Morgan Stanley Finance II Limited (the "Company") for the period ended 30 June 2023.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period, after tax, was profit of \$301,000 (period ended June 2022: loss of \$49,000).

During the period, no dividends were paid or proposed (year ended December 2022: \$nil).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is the issuance of financial instruments and the hedging of the obligations arising pursuant to such issuances.

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling entity is Morgan Stanley, which, together with the Company and Morgan Stanley's other subsidiary undertakings, form the "Morgan Stanley Group".

BUSINESS REVIEW

Exposure to risk factors and the current business environment in which it operates may impact business results of the Company's operations.

Risk factors

Risk is an inherent part of the Company's business activity. The Company seeks to identify, assess, monitor and manage each of the various types of risk involved in its business activities, in accordance with defined policies and procedures.

The Morgan Stanley Group Risk Appetite Statement articulates the aggregate level and type of risk that the Group is willing to accept in order to execute its business strategy.

The Morgan Stanley Group has an established Risk Management Framework, to support the identification, monitoring and management of risk.

The primary risk areas for the Company include Market, Credit, Liquidity and Operational Risks which are discussed in the Risk Management section.

Business environment

During the period ended 30 June 2023, the global economic and geopolitical environment continues to be characterised by inflationary pressures, high interest rates and uncertainty regarding the possibility of a recession, driving muted activity. This environment had limited impact on the Company however, it continues to remain uncertain and could adversely impact client confidence and related activity in the future.

In addition to the aforementioned conditions, certain institutions came under significant stress in early 2023. There has been no impact on the results and financial condition of the Company.

INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Overview of the period to June 2023

The issued structured notes expose the Company to the risk of changes in market prices of the underlying securities, interest rate risk and, where denominated in currencies other than US dollars, the risk of changes in exchange rates between the US dollars and the other relevant currencies. The Company uses the contracts that it purchases from other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings to hedge the market price, interest rate and foreign currency risks associated with the issuance of the structured notes.

The condensed statement of comprehensive income is set out on page 10. The profit for the period is \$301,000, which primarily represents net interest income from intercompany funding (period ended June 2022: loss of \$49,000, driven by interest expense). The net trading income and the net expense from other financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss for the period is \$nil (period ended June 2022: \$nil) which is consistent with the Company's principal activity.

The condensed statement of financial position is set out on page 12. Total assets and total liabilities as at 30 June 2023 were \$462,068,000 (year ended December 2022: \$381,062,000) and \$451,367,000 (year ended December 2022: \$370,662,000), respectively. The increase in total assets and total liabilities from 31 December 2022 is due to the net issuance of structured notes, classified as debts and other borrowings, and the related hedging instruments, classified as trading financial assets and liabilities.

The performance of the Company is included in the results of the Morgan Stanley Group. The Company's Directors believe that providing further performance indicators for the Company itself would not enhance an understanding of the development, performance, or position of the business of the Company.

The risk management section below sets out the Company's and the Morgan Stanley Group's policies for the management of liquidity and cash flow risk and other significant business risks.

Risk management

Risk is an inherent part of the Company's business activity. The Company seeks to identify, assess, monitor and manage each of the various types of risk involved in its business activities, in accordance with defined policies and procedures. The Company is managed as part of the policies and procedures of the Morgan Stanley Group's risk management policy framework.

Note 16 to the 2022 annual financial statements provides more detailed qualitative disclosures on the Company's exposure to financial risks. Note 9 to the condensed financial statements provides more detailed quantitative disclosures.

Set out below is an overview of the Company's policies for the management of financial risk and other significant business risk.

Market risk

Market risk refers to the risk that a change in the level of one or more market prices, rates, spreads, indices, implied volatilities, correlations or other market factors, such as market liquidity, will result in losses for a position or portfolio.

INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Risk management (continued)

Market risk (continued)

The Company's market risk associated with its trading activities at a legal entity, trading division and at an individual product level is managed as part of the Morgan Stanley Group's market risk management policy framework.

The Morgan Stanley Group's market risk management policy framework ensures transparency of material market risks, monitors compliance with established limits, and escalates risk concentrations to appropriate senior management when necessary.

It is the policy and objective of the Company not to be exposed to net market risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower, counterparty or issuer does not meet its financial obligations to the Company. Credit risk includes country risk, which is further described below.

The Morgan Stanley Group's credit risk management policies and procedures, of which the Company is a part, includes escalation to the appropriate senior management personnel when necessary.

Credit risk exposure is managed on a global basis and in consideration of each significant legal entity within the Morgan Stanley Group. The credit risk management policies and procedures establish the framework for identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling credit risk whilst ensuring transparency of material credit risks and compliance with established limits and escalating risk concentrations to appropriate senior management.

Additional information on the primary credit exposures, credit risk management and mitigation, exposure to credit risk, including the maximum exposure to credit risk by credit rating is presented in note 9.

Country risk exposure

Country risk is the risk that events in, or affecting, a foreign country might adversely affect the Company. Sovereign risk, by contrast, is the risk that a government will be unwilling or unable to meet its debt obligations, or renege on the debt it guarantees. Sovereign risk is single-name risk for a sovereign government, its agencies and guaranteed entities.

The Company enters into the majority of its financial asset transactions with other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings. Both the Company and the other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the same ultimate parent entity, Morgan Stanley. As a result of the implicit support that would be provided by Morgan Stanley, the Company's country risk is considered a component of the Morgan Stanley Group's credit risk.

For further information on how the Company identifies, monitors and manages country risk exposure refer to page 3 of the Directors' report of the Company's 2022 annual financial statements.

INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Risk management (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company will be unable to finance its operations due to a loss of access to the capital markets or difficulty in liquidating its assets. Liquidity risk also encompasses the Company's ability (or perceived ability) to meet its financial obligations without experiencing significant business disruption or reputational damage that may threaten its viability as a going concern. Liquidity risk also encompasses the associated funding risks triggered by the market or idiosyncratic stress events that may cause unexpected changes in funding needs or an inability to raise new funding.

For further discussion on the Company's liquidity risk refer to page 4 of the Directors' report in the Company's 2022 annual financial statements.

Operational risk

Operational risk refers to the risk of loss, or of damage to the Company's reputation, resulting from inadequate or failed processes or systems, from human factors or from external events (e.g. fraud, theft, legal and compliance risks, cyber-attacks or damage to physical assets). Operational risk relates to the following risk event categories as defined by Basel Capital Standards: internal fraud; external fraud; employment practices and workplace safety; clients, products and business practices; business disruption and system failure; damage to physical assets; and execution, delivery and process management. The scope also includes oversight of technology risk, cybersecurity risk, information security risk, and third party risk management (supplier and affiliate risk).

The Company may incur operational risk across the full scope of its business activities.

For further discussion on the Company's operational risk refer to pages 4, 5 and 6 of the Directors' report in the Company's 2022 annual financial statements.

Legal, regulatory and compliance risk

Legal, regulatory and compliance risk includes the risk of legal or regulatory sanctions, material financial loss; including fines, penalties, judgements, damages and/ or settlements, limitations on our business, or loss to reputation which the Company may suffer as a result of a failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules, related self-regulatory organisation standards and codes of conduct applicable to our business activities. This risk also includes contractual and commercial risk, such as the risk that a counterparty's performance obligations will be unenforceable. It also includes compliance with Anti-Money Laundering, anti-corruption and terrorist financing rules and regulations. The Company is generally subject to extensive regulation in the different jurisdictions in which it conducts its business.

Culture, values and conduct of employees

Employees of the Morgan Stanley Group are accountable for conducting themselves in accordance with the Morgan Stanley Group's core values *Put Clients First, Do the Right Thing, Lead with Exceptional Ideas, Commit to Diversity and Inclusion and Give Back.* The Morgan Stanley Group's core values drive a shared set of behaviours and attributes that help employees make decisions consistent with the expectations of our clients, shareholders, regulators, Board of Directors and the public. The Morgan Stanley Group is committed to reinforcing and confirming adherence to the core values through our governance framework, tone from the top, management oversight, risk management and controls, and a three lines of defence structure.

INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

BUSINESS REVIEW (CONTINUED)

Risk management (continued)

Culture, values and conduct of employees (continued)

The Morgan Stanley Group's Board is responsible for overseeing the Morgan Stanley Group's practices and procedures relating to culture, values and conduct. The Morgan Stanley Group's Culture, Values and Conduct Committee, along with the Compliance and Conduct Risk Committee, are the senior management committees that oversee the Morgan Stanley-wide culture, values and conduct program, report regularly to the Morgan Stanley Group Board; and complement ongoing business and region-specific culture initiatives. A fundamental building block of this program is the Morgan Stanley Group's Code of Conduct (the "Code") which establishes standards for employee conduct that further reinforce the Morgan Stanley Group's commitment to integrity and ethical conduct. Every new hire and every employee annually is required to attest to their understanding of and adherence to the Code of Conduct. Morgan Stanley's Global Conduct Risk Management Policy also sets out a consistent global framework for managing conduct risk (i.e., the risk arising from misconduct by employees or contingent workers) and conduct risk incidents.

For further discussion on the Company's culture, values and conduct of employees risk management, refer to page 7 of the Directors' report in the Company's 2022 annual financial statements.

Going concern

Business risks associated with the uncertain market and economic conditions are being actively monitored and managed by the Company. Retaining sufficient liquidity and capital to withstand market pressures remains central to the Company's strategy.

The effect of relevant macroeconomic scenarios on the business of the Company have been considered as part of the going concern analysis, including impact on operational capacity, access to capital and liquidity, contractual obligations, asset valuations and other critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

Taking all of the above factors into consideration, the Directors believe it is reasonable to assume that the Company will have access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the condensed interim financial statements.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There have been no significant events since the reporting date.

INTERIM DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS

The following Directors held office throughout the period and to the date of approval of this report (except where otherwise shown):

Z Dewhurst Director S Kearns Director

H Herrmann Director (resigned on 27 June 2023)
J Liu Director (appointed on 27 June 2023)

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

—DocuSigned by:

Director

28 September 2023

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors, the names of whom are set out below, confirm that to the best of their knowledge:

- (a) the condensed set of interim financial statements has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' as adopted by the European Union ("EU"), give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and result of the Company; and
- (b) the interim management report includes a fair review of the important events that have occurred during the period and their impact on the condensed set of interim financial statements, and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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28 September 2023

Board of Directors

Z Dewhurst Director S Kearns Director

J Liu Director (appointed on 27 June 2023)

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT TO MORGAN STANLEY FINANCE II LIMITED

Conclusion

We have been engaged by the Company to review the condensed set of financial statements in the half-yearly financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2023 which comprises the condensed statement of comprehensive income, the condensed statement of changes in equity, the condensed statement of financial position, the condensed statement of cash flows and related notes 1 to 12.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed set of financial statements in the half-yearly financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with European Union adopted International Accounting Standard 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (UK) 2410 ("ISRE (UK)") "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" issued by the Financial Reporting Council for use in the United Kingdom. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

As disclosed in note 2, The Company prepared its annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") and Interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', as adopted by the EU.

Conclusion Relating to Going Concern

Based on our review procedures, which are less extensive than those performed in an audit as described in the Basis for Conclusion section of this report, nothing has come to our attention to suggest that the directors have inappropriately adopted the going concern basis of accounting or that the directors have identified material uncertainties relating to going concern that are not appropriately disclosed.

This conclusion is based on the review procedures performed in accordance with this ISRE (UK) 2410; however future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

Responsibilities of the directors

The directors are responsible for preparing the half-yearly financial report in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") and Interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

In preparing the half-yearly financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT TO MORGAN STANLEY FINANCE II LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the review of the financial information

In reviewing the half-yearly financial report, we are responsible for expressing to the Company a conclusion on the condensed set of financial statements in the half-yearly financial report. Our conclusion, including our Conclusions Relating to Going Concern, are based on procedures that are less extensive than audit procedures, as described in the Basis for Conclusion paragraph of this report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with ISRE (UK) 2410. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in an independent review report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company, for our review work, for this report, or for the conclusions we have formed.

— Docusigned by:

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Deloitte LLP

London

28 September 2023

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Six months ended 30 June 2023

Net trading income/(expense) on financial liabilities Net trading income/(expense) Net income on other financial assets held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial liabilities held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair	ndited) nonths ended 0 June 2023 \$'000	(Unaudited) Six months ended 30 June 2022 \$'000
Net income on other financial assets held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial liabilities held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair value Interest income Interest expense Net interest income/(expense) Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	13,966	(59,488)
Net income on other financial assets held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial liabilities held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair value 3 (a) Interest income Interest expense Net interest income/(expense) Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	32,426	(28,447)
Net (expense)/income on other financial liabilities held at fair value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair value 3 (a) Interest income	46,392	(87,935)
value Net (expense)/income on other financial instruments held at fair value Interest income Interest expense Net interest income/(expense) Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	8,209	68
Value 3 (4) Interest income 4 Interest expense 4 Net interest income/(expense) Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	54,601)	87,867
Interest expense 4 Net interest income/(expense) Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	46,392)	87,935
Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	300	_
Other income Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX		(48)
Other expenses PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	300	(48)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX	3	_
	(2)	(1)
Income tax 5	301	(49)
	_	_
PROFIT/(LOSS) AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ (EXPENSE) FOR THE PERIOD	301	(49)

All results were derived from continuing operations.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Six months ended 30 June 2023

	Share capital \$'000	Capital Contribution \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 January 2022	14	_	465	479
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the period (unaudited)	_	_	(49)	(49)
Balance at 30 June 2022 (unaudited)	14	_	416	430
Balance at 1 January 2023	14	10,000	386	10,400
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period (unaudited)	_	_	301	301
Balance at 30 June 2023 (unaudited)	14	10,000	687	10,701

Registered number: 35857

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2023

		(unaudited)	(audited)
		As at 30 June	As at 31 December
	Note	2023	2022
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS		\$ 000	\$ 000
Cash and short-term deposits	6	1,069	1,795
Loans and advances	6	417,525	355,009
Trading financial assets	6	32,224	14,396
Trade and other receivables	6	11,250	9,862
TOTAL ASSETS	· –		
TOTAL ASSETS	=	462,068	381,062
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Trading financial liabilities	6	2,507	19,996
Trade and other payables	6	1,733	9
Debt and other borrowings	7	447,127	350,657
TOTAL LIABILITIES	=	451,367	370,662
EQUITY			
Share capital		14	14
Retained earnings		687	386
Capital contribution reserve		10,000	10,000
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	_	10,701	10,400
TOTAL EQUITY	_	10,701	10,400
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	_	462,068	381,062

These condensed financial statements were approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 28 September 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board

Director

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Six months ended 30 June 2023

	(unaudited) Six months ended 30 June 2023 \$'000	(unaudited) Six months ended 30 June 2022 \$'000
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(726)	(295)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(726)	(295)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	1,795	981
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	1,069	686

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Jersey, at the following address: 47 Esplanade, St. Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD. The Company is engaged in the issuance of financial instruments and the hedging of the obligations arising pursuant to such issuances.

The Company's immediate parent undertaking, ultimate undertaking and controlling entity is Morgan Stanley, which, together with the Company and Morgan Stanley's other subsidiary undertakings, form the Morgan Stanley Group. Morgan Stanley is incorporated in the State of Delaware, in the United States of America. Copies of its financial statements can be obtained from www.morganstanley.com/investorrelations.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

The Company prepared its annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as adopted by the European Union ("EU"), Interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") and Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', as adopted by the EU.

In preparing these condensed financial statements, the Company has applied consistently the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, except where otherwise stated.

New standards and interpretations adopted during the period

The following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations relevant to the Company's operations were adopted during the period. These standards, amendments to standards and interpretations did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors': Definition of Accounting Estimates were issued by the IASB in February 2021, for prospective application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Early application is permitted. The amendments were endorsed by the EU in March 2022.

Amendments to IAS 1: Disclosure of Accounting Policies were issued by the IASB in February 2021, for prospective application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Early application is permitted. The amendments were endorsed by the EU in March 2022.

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' ('IAS 12'): Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction were issued by the IASB in May 2021, for retrospective application in accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Early application is permitted. The amendments were endorsed by the EU in August 2022.

There were no other standards, amendments to standards or interpretations relevant to the Company's operations which were adopted during the period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted during the period

At the date of authorisation of these condensed interim financial statements, the following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations relevant to the Company's operations were issued by the IASB but not mandatory for accounting periods beginning 1 January 2023. The Company does not expect that the adoption of the following standards, amendments to standards and interpretations will have a material impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

At the date of authorisation of these condensed financial statements, amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes': International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules, issued by the IASB in May 2023, were not yet adopted by the EU. The Company is currently assessing the potential impact of the IAS 12 amendments on its condensed financial statement.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the condensed interim financial statements, the Company makes judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts.

Critical accounting judgements are key decisions made by management in the application of the Company's accounting policies, other than those involving estimations, which have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the condensed interim financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty represent assumptions and estimations made by management that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

No critical accounting judgements have been made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies that have had a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the condensed interim financial statements.

The key source of estimation uncertainty is the valuation of Level 3 financial instruments. For further detail refer to note 10.

The Company evaluates the critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty on an ongoing basis and believes that these are reasonable.

The going concern assumption

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are reflected in the Business Review section of the Directors' report on pages 1 to 5. In addition, the notes to the condensed interim financial statements include the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives; details of its financial instruments; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk

The existing and potential impact of the war in Ukraine, continued inflation and rising interest rates, on the operational capacity of the business, access to liquidity and capital, and contractual obligations have been considered on pages 1 and 5.

Taking all of the above factors into consideration, the Directors believe it is reasonable to assume that the Company will have access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Interim Directors' report and condensed interim financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

3. NET (EXPENSE)/INCOME ON OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE

Net (expense) / income on:	(unaudited) Six months ended 30 June 2023 \$'000	(unaudited) Six months ended 30 June 2022 \$'000
rece (expense) / meeting on.		
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"):		
Loans and advances:		
Loans	8,209	68
Financial liabilities designated at FVPL		
Debt and other borrowings:		
Issued structured notes	(54,601)	87,867
	(46,392)	87,935

4. INTEREST INCOME AND INTEREST EXPENSE

All interest income and expense relates to financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost and is calculated using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method.

5. INCOME TAX

The Company is subject to Jersey income tax at the rate 0.00% (2022: 0.00%).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY MEASUREMENT CATEGORY

The following table analyses financial assets and financial liabilities as presented in the statement of financial position by the IFRS 9 measurement classifications.

Cash and short-term deposits — — 1,069 1,069 Loans — 417,525 — 417,525 Trading financial assets: — 417,525 — 417,525 Trade and other receivables: — — 3,742 3,742 3,742 Other receivables — — — 7,508 7,608 7,608 7,600 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006 8,006	30 June 2023	FVPL (mandatorily) \$'000	FVPL (designated) \$'000	Amortised cost \$'000	Total \$'000
Loans and advances:	Cash and short-term deposits	_			
Trading financial assets: Derivatives 32,224 — — 32,224 3,742 3,742 3,742 0,7508 7,508				•	ŕ
Derivatives 32,224 — — 32,224 Trade and other receivables: — — 3,742 3,742 3,742 3,742 Other receivables — 7,508 7,502 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,620 7,6	Loans	_	417,525	_	417,525
Trade and other receivables — — 3,742 3,742 Other receivables — — 7,508 7,508 Total financial assets 32,224 417,525 12,319 462,068 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: 1,500 — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 451,367 Total financial liabilities — FVPL (mandatority) (designated) Cost Total financial sectorial financial sector	Trading financial assets:				
Trade receivables — — 3,742 3,742 Other receivables — — 7,508 7,508 Total financial assets 32,224 417,525 12,319 462,068 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL (mandatorily) (designated) cost Total FVPL (mandatorily) (manda	Derivatives	32,224	_	_	32,224
Other receivables — 7,508 7,508 Total financial assets 32,224 417,525 12,319 462,068 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL financial liabilities — 1,795 1,795 Total financial liabilities — FVPL financial financial financial assets — 1,795 1,795 Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242 2,242	Trade and other receivables:				
Total financial assets 32,224 417,525 12,319 462,068 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities — — 447,127 — 447,127 FVPL payables — — 1,733 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities — FVPL payables Adv,127 — 447,127 FVPL payables — — 1,733 1,733 1,733 FVPL payables — FVPL payables Adv,127 — Adv,1,27 FVPL payables — FVPL payables Amortised payables Total financial liabilities — 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 1,795 <		_	_		3,742
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Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 Cash and short-term deposits — FVPL (mandatorily) Keigenated) Cost Total Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade eaceivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — <td< td=""><td>Total financial assets</td><td>32,224</td><td>417,525</td><td>12,319</td><td>462,068</td></td<>	Total financial assets	32,224	417,525	12,319	462,068
Derivatives 2,507 — — 2,507 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 Cash and short-term deposits — FVPL (mandatorily) Keigenated) Cost Total Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade eaceivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — <td< td=""><td>Trading financial liabilities:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Trading financial liabilities:				
Issued structured notes — 447,127 — 447,127 Trade and other payables: — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL Mamortised (designated) Total cost Total cost Total signated (designated) Cost Total signated (designated) S'000 S'000 <td>_</td> <td>2,507</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2,507</td>	_	2,507			2,507
Trade and other payables — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL (mandatorily) FVPL (designated) Amortised cost Total cost 31 December 2022 (mandatorily) (designated) cost Total cost S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 Cash and short-term deposits — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — 14,396 Derivatives — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657	Debt and other borrowings:				
Trade payables — — 1,733 1,733 Total financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL (mandatorily) FVPL (designated) Amortised cost Total cost S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 S'000 Cash and short-term deposits — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 1,795 1,795 Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 —	Issued structured notes	_	447,127		447,127
Fotal financial liabilities 2,507 447,127 1,733 451,367 FVPL (mandatorily) (designated) (designated) (cost S'000	Trade and other payables:				
FVPL	Trade payables		<u> </u>	1,733	1,733
31 December 2022 (mandatorily) s'000 (designated) s'000 cost s'000 Total s'000 Cash and short-term deposits — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — — 9 9 9	Total financial liabilities	2,507	447,127	1,733	451,367
31 December 2022 (mandatorily) s'000 (designated) s'000 cost s'000 Total s'000 Cash and short-term deposits — — 1,795 1,795 Loans and advances: — — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — — 9 9 9		FVPI.	FVPL.	Amortised	
S'000 S'000 <th< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></th<>					
Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — 14,396 Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	31 December 2022				Total
Loans — 355,009 — 355,009 Trading financial assets: — — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — — 14,396 Trade receivables — — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — — 9 9 9	31 December 2022	(mandatorily)	(designated)	cost	
Trading financial assets: 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives — — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9		(mandatorily)	(designated)	cost \$'000	\$'000
Derivatives 14,396 — — 14,396 Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits	(mandatorily)	(designated)	cost \$'000	\$'000
Trade and other receivables: — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances:	(mandatorily)	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000	\$'000 1,795
Trade receivables — — 2,242 2,242 Other receivables — — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans	(mandatorily)	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000	\$'000 1,795
Other receivables — — 7,620 7,620 Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets:	(mandatorily) \$'000 — —	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000	\$'000 1,795 355,009
Total financial assets 14,396 355,009 11,657 381,062 Trading financial liabilities: — — — 19,996 Derivatives — — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: — — — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives	(mandatorily) \$'000 — —	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000	\$'000 1,795 355,009
Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: Trade payables — — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables:	(mandatorily) \$'000 — —	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000 1,795 —	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396
Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: Trade payables — — 9 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables	(mandatorily) \$'000 — —	(designated) \$'000 —	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242
Derivatives 19,996 — — 19,996 Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: Trade payables — — 9 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables	(mandatorily) \$'000 14,396	(designated) \$'000 — 355,009 — — —	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620
Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: Trade payables — — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets	(mandatorily) \$'000 14,396	(designated) \$'000 — 355,009 — — —	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620
Issued structured notes — 350,657 — 350,657 Trade and other payables: — — 9 9 Trade payables — — 9 9	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities:	(mandatorily) \$'000	(designated) \$'000 — 355,009 — — —	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Trade and other payables:	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives	(mandatorily) \$'000	(designated) \$'000 — 355,009 — — —	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Trade payables	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Debt and other borrowings:	(mandatorily) \$'000	(designated) \$'000 355,009 355,009	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes	(mandatorily) \$'000	(designated) \$'000 355,009 355,009	cost \$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Total financial liabilities 19,996 350,657 9 370,662	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes Trade and other payables:	(mandatorily) \$'000	(designated) \$'000 355,009 355,009	cost \$'000 1,795 — 2,242 7,620 11,657	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062 19,996 350,657
	Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Debt and other borrowings: Issued structured notes Trade and other payables: Trade payables	(mandatorily) \$'000 14,396 14,396 19,996	(designated) \$'000 355,009 355,009 355,009 350,657	cost \$'000 1,795 — 2,242 7,620 11,657 — — 9	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062 19,996 350,657

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY MEASUREMENT CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

There are no terms and conditions of any trading financial assets or liabilities that may individually significantly affect the amount, timing and certainty of future cash flows for the Company.

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at FVPL

The financial assets and financial liabilities shown in the tables above which are designated at FVPL consist primarily of the following financial assets and financial liabilities:

Issued Structured Notes: These relate to financial liabilities which arise from selling structured products generally in the form of notes. These instruments contain an embedded derivative which significantly modifies the cash flows of the issuance. The return on the instrument is linked to an underlying that is not clearly and closely related to the debt host including, but not limited to, equity-linked notes. These structured notes are designated at FVPL as the risks to which the Company is a contractual party are risk managed on a fair value basis as part of the Company's trading portfolio and the risk is reported to key management personnel on this basis.

Loans: These are loans to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings that, along with the derivative contracts classified as mandatorily at FVPL, are part of the hedging strategy for the obligations arising pursuant to the issuance of the structured notes. These loans are designated at FVPL to eliminate or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise.

The Company determines the amount of changes in fair value attributable to changes in counterparty credit risk or own credit risk, as relating to loans and issued structured notes, by first determining the fair value including the impact of counterparty credit risk or own credit risk, and then deducting those changes in fair value representing managed market risk. In determining fair value, the Company considers the impact of changes in own credit spreads based upon observations of the secondary bond market spreads when measuring the fair value for issued structured notes. The Company considers that this approach most faithfully represents the amount of change in fair value due to both counterparty credit risk and the Company's own credit risk.

The carrying amount of financial liabilities held at fair value was \$10,000 lower than the contractual amount due at maturity (31 December 2022: equal in value).

At initial recognition of a specific structured note issuance program, the Company's issuance process, and any planned hedging structure relating to the issuance of those structured notes, has been considered, to determine whether the presentation of fair value changes attributable to credit risk of those structured notes through other comprehensive income would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in the income statement. If financial instruments, such as derivatives and loans held at FVPL, for which changes in fair value incorporating counterparty credit risk are reflected within the income statement, are traded to economically hedge the structured note issuances in full, the fair value incorporating any counterparty credit risk arising on the hedging instruments may materially offset any changes in the credit risk of these liabilities ("DVA") applied to structured notes, where the counterparties of the hedging instruments are part of the Morgan Stanley Group. In such cases, the DVA of those structured notes is not reflected within other comprehensive income, and instead is presented in the condensed statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY MEASUREMENT CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at FVPL (continued)

The following table presents the change in fair value and the cumulative change recognised in the statement of comprehensive income attributable to own credit risk for issued structured notes and counterparty credit risk for loans.

	Gain or (loss) re statement of c inco		Cumulative gain or (loss) recognised in the statement of comprehensive income		
	Six months ended 30 June 2023	ended 30 June ended 30 June		31 December 2022	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Issued structured notes	(609)	1,563	377	986	
Loans	609	(1,563)	(377)	(986)	

The following tables presents the carrying value of the Company's financial liabilities designated at FVPL, classified according to underlying security type, including, single name equities, equity indices and equity portfolio.

30 June 2023	Single name equities \$'000	Equity indices \$'000	Equity portfolio \$'000	Total \$'000
Issued Structured Notes	381,481	13,876	51,770	447,127
Total debt and other borrowings	381,481	13,876	51,770	447,127
31 December 2022	Single name equities \$'000	Equity indices \$'000	Equity portfolio \$'000	Total \$'000
31 December 2022 Issued Structured Notes	equities		portfolio	

The derivative contracts and loans held at FVPL that the Company enters into in order to hedge the structured notes are valued as detailed in note 3(d) and note 17(a) of the Company's 2022 annual financial statements, and have similar valuation inputs to the liabilities they hedge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

7. DEBT AND OTHER BORROWINGS

	(unaudited) 30 June 2023 \$'000	(audited) 31 December 2022 \$'000
Debt and other borrowings		
Issued structured notes (designated FVPL)	447,127	350,657
	447,127	350,657

Refer to note 6 for details of issued structured notes included within debt and other borrowings designated at FVPL.

8. SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment information is presented in respect of the Company's business and geographical segments. The business and geographical segments are based on the Company's management and internal reporting structure. Transactions between business segments are on normal commercial terms and conditions.

Business segments

Morgan Stanley structures its business segments primarily based upon the nature of the financial products and services provided to customers and Morgan Stanley's internal management structure. The Company's own business segments are consistent with those of Morgan Stanley.

The Company has one reportable business segment, Institutional Securities, which provides financial services to financial institutions. Its business includes the issuance of financial instruments and the hedging of the obligations arising pursuant to such issuances.

Geographical segments

The Company operates in three geographic regions as listed below:

- Europe, Middle East and Africa ("EMEA")
- Americas
- Asia

The following table presents selected statement of financial position information of the Company's operations by geographic area. The total assets disclosed in the following table reflect the regional view of the Company's operations, on a managed basis. The attribution of total assets is determined by trading desk location.

	EM	IEA	Ame	ricas	As	sia	To	tal
	30 Jun	31 Dec						
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Profit before tax excluding other			303	(76)			303	(76)
expenses				(70)				(70)
Profit/(loss) before income tax			301	(79)			301	(79)
Total assets		771	389,908	336,561	72,160	43,730	462,068	381,062

All of the Company's external revenue (2022: 100%) arises from transactions with other Morgan Stanley group undertakings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management procedures

The Company's risk management procedures are consistent with those disclosed in the Company's 2022 annual financial statements. This disclosure is limited to quantitative data for each risk category and should be read in conjunction with the risk management procedures detailed in note 16 of the Company's 2022 annual financial statements.

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising when a borrower, counterparty or issuer does not meet its financial obligations to the Company. Primarily its concentration of exposure is to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings.

Credit risk exposure is managed on a global basis and in consideration of each significant legal entity within the Morgan Stanley Group. The credit risk management policies and procedures establish the framework for identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling credit risk whilst ensuring transparency of material credit risks, compliance with established limits and escalating risk concentrations to appropriate senior management.

The Company enters into all of its financial asset transactions with other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings, and both the Company and the other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings are wholly owned subsidiaries of the same ultimate parent entity, Morgan Stanley. As a result of the implicit support that would be provided by Morgan Stanley, the Company is considered exposed to the credit risk of Morgan Stanley.

Exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk ("gross credit exposure") of the Company as at 30 June 2023 is the carrying amounts of the financial assets held in the condensed statement of financial position. The table includes financial instruments subject to ECL and not subject to ECL. Those financial instruments that bear credit risk but are not subject to ECL are subsequently measured at fair value.

The Company does not have any significant exposure arising from items not recognised on the condensed statement of financial position. The Company has not entered into any credit enhancements to manage its exposure to credit risk.

Exposure to credit risk by class

	Gross and net credit exposure(1)			
Class	30 June 2023 31 Decem \$'000			
Subject to ECL:				
Cash and short-term deposits	1,069	1,795		
Trade and other receivables	11,250	9,862		
Not subject to ECL ⁽²⁾ :				
Loans and advances	417,525	355,009		
Trading financial assets	32,224	14,396		
	462,068	381,062		

⁽¹⁾ The carrying amount recognised in the condensed statement of financial position best represents the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

 $^{(2) \}quad \hbox{Financial assets measured at FVPL are not subject to ECL}.$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

Exposure to credit risk (continued)

The Company does not hold financial assets considered to be credit impaired.

Exposure to credit risk by internal rating grades

Internal credit ratings, as below, are derived using methodologies generally consistent with those used by external agencies:

Investment grade: AAA - BBB Non-investment grade: BB - CCC

Default: D

All gross carrying amounts have an internal rating grade of A and are not impacted by ECL. All exposures subject to ECL are Stage 1.

Liquidity risk

Maturity analysis

In the following maturity analysis of financial liabilities, derivative contracts and other trading financial liabilities measured at fair value are presented at fair value, consistent with how these financial liabilities are managed, and disclosed as on demand. All other amounts represent undiscounted cash flows payable by the Company arising from its financial liabilities to earliest contractual maturities as at 30 June 2023. Repayments of financial liabilities that are subject to immediate notice are treated as if notice were given immediately and are classified as on demand. This presentation is considered by the Company to appropriately reflect the liquidity risk arising from those financial liabilities, presented in a way that is consistent with how the liquidity risk on these financial liabilities is managed by the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity analysis (continued)

30 June 2023	On demand \$'000	Less than 1 Year \$'000	1-2 Years \$'000	2-5 Years \$'000	Over 5 Years \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets						
Cash and short-term deposits	1,069	_	_	_	_	1,069
Loans and advances:						
Loans		316,095	24,849	75,618	963	417,525
Trading financial assets:						
Derivatives	_	31,216	127	881	_	32,224
Trade and other receivables:	2 - 12					2 - 12
Trade receivables	3,742			_	_	3,742
Other receivables			7,508			7,508
Total financial assets	4,811	347,311	32,484	76,499	963	462,068
Financial liabilities						
Trading financial liabilities:						
Derivatives	_	70	428	1,719	290	2,507
Trade and other payables:						
Trade payables	1,733	_	_		_	1,733
Debt and other borrowings:						
Issued structured notes		347,126	24,548	74,780	673	447,127
Total financial liabilities	1,733	347,196	24,976	76,499	963	451,367
					_	
21 December 2022	On domand	Logg than 1 Voor	1.2 Wagne	2.5 Veers	Over 5	Total
31 December 2022		Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years \$'000	2-5 Years \$'000	Years	Total \$'000
31 December 2022 Financial assets	On demand \$'000	Less than 1 Year \$'000	1-2 Years \$'000	2-5 Years \$'000		Total \$'000
					Years	
Financial assets	\$'000				Years	\$'000
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits	\$'000				Years	\$'000
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances:	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000 —	\$'000 —	Years	\$'000 1,795
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000 —	\$'000 —	Years	\$'000 1,795
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables:	\$'000 1,795 —	\$'000 — 304,881	\$'000 7,114	\$'000 — 43,014	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables	\$'000	\$'000 — 304,881	\$'000 7,114 12	\$'000 — 43,014	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables	\$'000 1,795 — — 2,242 —	\$'000 — 304,881 14,170 —	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets	\$'000 1,795 —	\$'000 — 304,881	\$'000 7,114 12	\$'000 — 43,014	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities	\$'000 1,795 — — 2,242 —	\$'000 — 304,881 14,170 —	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities:	\$'000 1,795 — — 2,242 —	\$'000 304,881 14,170 319,051	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 43,228	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives	\$'000 1,795 — — 2,242 —	\$'000 — 304,881 14,170 —	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Trade and other payables:	\$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 304,881 14,170 319,051	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 43,228	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Trade and other payables: Trade payables	\$'000 1,795 — — 2,242 —	\$'000 304,881 14,170 319,051	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 43,228	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Trade and other payables: Trade payables Debt and other borrowings:	\$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 304,881 14,170 319,051 11,996	\$'000 7,114 12 7,620 14,746 369	\$'000 43,014 214 43,228 7,631	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062
Financial assets Cash and short-term deposits Loans and advances: Loans Trading financial assets: Derivatives Trade and other receivables: Trade receivables Other receivables Total financial assets Financial liabilities Trading financial liabilities: Derivatives Trade and other payables: Trade payables	\$'000 1,795 ————————————————————————————————————	\$'000 304,881 14,170 319,051	\$'000 	\$'000 43,014 214 43,228	Years	\$'000 1,795 355,009 14,396 2,242 7,620 381,062

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

9. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Market risk

Equity price sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below is determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 respectively.

The market risk related to such equity price risk is measured by estimating the potential reduction in total comprehensive income associated with a 10% decline in the underlying equity price as shown in the table below.

	Impact on Total Comprehensive Income gains/(losses)		
	30 June	31 December	
	2023	2022	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Trading financial assets	(44,713)	(35,066)	
Debt and other borrowings	44,713	35,066	
	<u> </u>		

The Company's equity risk price risk is mainly concentrated on equity securities in the Americas and Asia.

The Company enters into the majority of its financial asset transactions with other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings, where both the Company and the other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings are wholly-owned subsidiaries of the same group parent entity, Morgan Stanley.

The issued structured notes expose the Company to the risk of changes in market prices of the underlying securities, interest rate risk and, where denominated in currencies other than US dollars, the risk of changes in rates of exchange between the US dollar and the other relevant currencies. The Company uses the contracts that it purchases from other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings to hedge the market price, interest rate and foreign currency risks associated with the issuance of the structured notes, consistent with the Company's risk management strategy. As such, the Company is not exposed to any net market risk on these financial instruments.

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

a. Financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis

The following tables present the carrying value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, classified according to the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

a. Financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

30 June 2023	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1) \$'000	Valuation techniques using observable inputs (Level 2) \$'000	Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) \$'000	Total \$'000
Trading financial assets:				
Derivatives				
Equity contracts	_	32,213	11	32,224
Loans and advances:				
Loans		417,525		417,525
Total financial assets measured at fair value	_	449,738	11	449,749
Trading financial liabilities:				
Derivatives				
Equity contracts		2,141	366	2,507
Debt and other borrowings:				
Issued structured notes		446,187	940	447,127
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value		448,328	1,306	449,634

31 December 2022	Quoted prices in active market (Level 1) \$'000	Valuation techniques using observable inputs (Level 2) \$'000	Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) \$'000	Total \$'000
Trading financial assets:				
Derivatives				
Equity contracts	_	14,396	_	14,396
Loans and advances:				
Loans		355,009		355,009
Total financial assets measured at fair value	_	369,405	_	369,405
Trading financial liabilities:				
Derivatives				
Equity contracts		19,996	_	19,996
Debt and other borrowings:				
Issued structured notes		350,657		350,657
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value		370,653		370,653

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

a. Financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

The Company's valuation approach and fair value hierarchy categorisation for certain significant classes of financial instruments recognised at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

Derivatives	
Asset and Liability / Valuation Techniques	Valuation Hierarchy Classification
Derivatives	
 Over the counter ("OTC") Derivative Contracts OTC derivative contracts include forward, swap and option contracts related to interest rates, foreign currencies, credit standing of reference entities, equity prices or commodity prices. Depending on the product and the terms of the transaction, the fair value of OTC derivative products can be modeled using a series of techniques, including closed-form analytic formulas, such as the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, simulation models or a combination thereof. Many pricing models do not entail material subjectivity as the methodologies employed do not necessitate significant judgement, since model inputs may be observed from actively quoted markets, as is the case for generic interest rate swaps, many equity, commodity and foreign currency option contracts and certain credit default swaps. In the case of more established derivative products, the pricing models used by the Company are widely accepted by the financial services industry. More complex OTC derivative products are typically less liquid and require more judgement in the implementation of the valuation technique since direct trading activity or quotes are unobservable. This includes certain types of interest rate derivatives with both volatility and correlation exposure, commodity derivatives that are either longer-dated or include exposure to multiple underlyings and credit derivatives, including credit default swaps on certain mortgage or asset-back securities, basket CDS. Where these inputs are unobservable, relationships to observable data points, based on historic and/or implied observations, may be employed as a technique to estimate the model input values. 	 Generally Level 2 - OTC derivative products valued using observable inputs, or where the unobservable input is not deemed significant. Level 3 - OTC derivatives products for which the unobservable input is deemed significant
Issued structured notes	
 * The Company issues structured notes which are primarily composed of instruments whose payments and redemption values are linked to the performance of a specific index, a basket of stocks, a specific security, a commodity, a credit exposure or basket of credit exposures, and instruments with various interest-rate-related features including stepups, step-downs, and zero coupons. * Fair value of structured notes is determined using valuation models for the derivative and debt portions of the structured notes and traded prepaid equity securities contracts. These models incorporate observable inputs referencing identical or comparable securities, including prices to which the notes are linked, interest rate yield curves, option volatility and currency rates, and commodity or equity prices. * Independent, external and traded prices for the notes are considered as well as the impact of the Company's own credit spreads which are based on observed secondary bond market spreads. 	Generally Level 2 Level 3 - in instances where the unobservable inputs are deemed significant

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

a. Financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

Issued structured notes (continued)

Issued structured notes designated at fair value through profit or loss (continued)

- Notes give a risk exposure tailored to market views and risk appetite and mainly provide exposure to the underlying single name equity, equity index or portfolio of equities. Typically, the redemption payment of the note is significantly dependent on the value of embedded equity derivatives. In general, call and put options, digital options, straddles and callability features are combined to create a bespoke coupon rate or redemption payoff for each note issuance, with risk exposure to one or more equity underlyings or indices. The Company values the embedded derivatives using market standard models, which are assessed for appropriateness at least annually. Model inputs, such as equity forward rates, equity implied volatility and equity correlations are marked such that the fair value of the derivatives match prices observable in the inter-dealer markets. In arriving at fair value, the Company uses discount rates appropriate to the funding rates specific to the instrument. In general, this results in overnight rates being used to discount the Company assets and liabilities. In addition, since the notes bear Morgan Stanley's credit risk, the Company considers this when assessing the fair value of the notes, by adjusting the discount rates to reflect the prevailing credit spread at the reporting date.
- The Company has a small number of notes where the cash flows due on the notes is dependent on embedded derivatives linked to the interest rate, foreign exchange or commodity markets. The Company values these notes in the same way as for equity-linked notes, by using market standard models and marking the inputs to match prices observed in the inter-dealer OTC markets. Similarly to equity-linked notes, these issuances bear Morgan Stanley's credit risk, and the valuation is assessed accordingly.

Loans

• The fair value of loans to other Morgan Stanley Group undertakings is estimated based on the present value of expected future cash flows using its best estimate of interest rate yield curves.

• Level 2

b. Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy for financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy during the current period and prior year.

c. Changes in Level 3 financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and financial liabilities for the period ended 30 June 2023. Level 3 instruments may be hedged with instruments classified in Level 1 and Level 2. The realised and unrealised gains/(losses) for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the following tables do not reflect the related realised and unrealised gains/ (losses) on hedging instruments that have been classified by the Company within the Level 1 and/ or Level 2 categories.

The unrealised gains/(losses) during the period for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the following tables herein may include changes in fair value during the period that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

c. Changes in Level 3 financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

30 June 2023

Total financial liabilities measured at fair value		(209)		(300)	(87)	(699)	(1,295)	(209)
Issued structured notes		7		(300)		(647)	(940)	7
Debt and other borrowings:								
Net derivative contracts (4)	_	(216)	_		(87)	(52)	(355)	(216)
Trading financial liabilities:								
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	Balance at 1 January 2023	Total gains or (losses) recognised in statement of comprehensive income (1)	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Net transfers in and/ or out of Level3	Balance at 30 June 2023	Unrealised gains or (losses) for Level 3 assets/ (liabilities) outstanding as at 30 June 2023 (3)

⁽¹⁾ The total gains or (losses) are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

During the period, the Company reclassified \$647,000 of issued structured notes (31 December 2022: \$nil) from Level 2 to Level 3. The reclassifications were due to positions where the unobservable inputs are now significant.

There were no Level 3 financial assets and financial liabilities for the year ended 31 December 2022.

d. Valuation of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis

The following disclosures provide information on the sensitivity of fair value measurements to key inputs and assumptions.

1. Quantitative information about and qualitative sensitivity of significant unobservable inputs

The following table provides information on the valuation techniques, significant unobservable inputs and the ranges and averages for each material category of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

⁽²⁾ For financial assets and financial liabilities that were transferred into and out of Level 3 during the period, gains or (losses) are presented as if the assets or liabilities had been transferred into or out of Level 3 as at the beginning of the period.

⁽³⁾ Amounts represent unrealised gains or (losses) for the period ended 30 June related to assets and liabilities still outstanding at 30 June. The unrealised gains or (losses) are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

⁽⁴⁾ Net derivative contracts represent trading financial assets – derivative contracts net of trading financial liabilities – derivative contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

d. Valuation of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

1. Quantitative information about and qualitative sensitivity of significant unobservable inputs (continued)

The level of aggregation and breadth of products cause the range of inputs to be wide and not evenly distributed across the inventory of financial instruments. Further, the range of unobservable inputs may differ across groups in the financial services industry because of diversity in the types of products included in each group's inventory. The following disclosures also include qualitative information on the sensitivity of the fair value measurements to changes in the significant unobservable inputs. There are no predictable relationships between multiple significant unobservable inputs attributable to a given valuation technique. A single amount is disclosed when there is no significant difference between the minimum, maximum and average (weighted average or similar average / median).

30 June 2023			
	Fair value \$'000	Predominant valuation techniques/ Significant unobservable inputs	Range (2) (Averages)(3)
LIABILITIES			
Net derivative and other contracts: (1)			
- Equity	(355) Option model	
		Equity volatility	20% to 38% (24%)
		Equity volatility skew	-0.4% to 0% (-0.3%)
Debt and other borrowing	s:		
- Issued Structured Notes	(940) Option model	
		Equity volatility	28% to 45% (37%)
		Equity volatility skew	-0.3% to -0.2% (-0.2%)

⁽¹⁾ Net derivative contracts represent trading financial liabilities – derivative contracts net of trading financial assets – derivative contracts.

- Volatility: The measure of the variability in possible returns for an instrument given how much that
 instrument changes in value over time. Volatility is a pricing input for options, and, generally, the
 lower the volatility, the less risky the option. The level of volatility used in the valuation of a particular
 option depends on a number of factors, including the nature of the risk underlying that option, the tenor
 and the strike price of the option.
- Volatility skew: The measure of the difference in implied volatility for options with identical underliers and expiry dates but with different strikes.
- 2. Sensitivity of fair values to changing significant assumptions to reasonably possible alternatives

As detailed in note 2, the valuation of Level 3 financial instruments requires the application of critical accounting judgement, involving estimations and assumptions and it is recognised that there could be a range of reasonably possible alternative values.

The Company has reviewed the unobservable parameters to identify those which would change the fair value measurement significantly if replaced by a reasonably possible alternative assumption.

⁽²⁾ The ranges of significant unobservable inputs are represented in percentages.

⁽³⁾ Amounts represent weighted averages except where simple averages and the median of the inputs are provided when more relevant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Six months ended 30 June 2023

10. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

d. Valuation of Level 3 financial assets and liabilities recognised at fair value on a recurring basis (continued)

2. Sensitivity of fair values to changing significant assumptions to reasonably possible alternatives (continued)

In estimating the potential variability, the unobservable parameters were varied individually using statistical techniques and historic data. The potential variability estimated is likely to be greater than the actual uncertainty relating to the financial instruments as any diversification effect has been excluded.

The following table presents the potential impact of both favourable and unfavourable changes, both of which would be reflected in the statement of comprehensive income:

	30 June	e 2023 ⁽²⁾	31 December 2022		
	Favourable changes	Unfavourable changes	Favourable changes	Unfavourable changes	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Trading financial liabilities: Net derivatives contracts ⁽¹⁾	27	(45)	_	_	
Debt and other borrowings:					
Issued structured notes	6	(4)		<u> </u>	
	33	(49)			

⁽¹⁾ Net derivative contracts represent trading financial assets – derivative contracts net of trading financial liabilities – derivative contracts. The reasonably possible alternative assumptions are applied to derivative assets and derivative liabilities separately when assessing potential variability of the fair value measurement.

e. Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis

Non-recurring fair value measurements of assets and liabilities are those which are required or permitted in the statement of financial position in particular circumstances. There were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis during the current period or prior year.

11. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NOT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

For all financial instruments not measured at fair value, the carrying amount is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short term nature of these assets and liabilities.

12. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no significant events since the reporting date.

⁽²⁾ The difference between the total favourable and total unfavourable changes is primarily a result of net derivative contracts classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy hedging issued structured notes which can be classified as either Level 2 or Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.